Khaled sends messages

to Arab leaders

CAIRO, June 6 (R). — Saudi Arabian Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisa) left Cairo tonight for Damascus

after a brief visit during which be delivered a message

arter a frier visit during which be delivered a message from King Khaled to President Anwar Sadat, the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) reported. Mena said the Saudi minister, who arrived earlier in the day, left after meeting President Sadat. It gave no further details. The visit follows the return of Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Fabd from talks with U.S. President Carter on the

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Though results uncertain

Ecevit sure he will orm next government

ANKARA, June 6 (R). — So. Demirel'a conservative Justice leader Bulent Party (JP) made major gains, will said today he would while seeing its ragged coaliin Turkey's next governm-t though still incomplete ge-fral election results indicate party might not win an erall parllament majority.

Mr. Ecevit, whose opposition publican People's Party (RPmade major gains to win out half the 450 seats in the itional Assembly, will get e first chance to form a go-

roment because he is lead-of the biggest party. Most analysts gave him a so-chance to take and hold wer even if -- as seamed inasingly likely today -- the P does not win majority.
Early today, Mr. Ecevit told supporters the party was re of at least 222 seats and pected aeveral more. But he peared to hedge this state-

ent at a news conference this trnoon, saying it bad won t least 220, maybe 222, or Before the news conference,

told cheering supporters in a street outside bis party's adquarters here : "We will rm the government".

With the last returns still ckling in -- and all returns ill unofficial the precise ma-. -up of the National Assemy was still unknown tonight. But with the outgoing right-centre coalition ridden by ernal quarrels and at least a if-dozen independents and

nor party members occupy-g the middle ground, Mr. Ecehad a clear opportunity to Outgoing premier Suleyman

tion faced with the prospect of extinction. The Justice Party picked up votes from the centre parties whose support is decli-ning, and is likely to have about 180 seats. It won 149

The election saw a polarisa-tion around the two big par-ties -- the RPP and the JP --as the once-significant centre parties dwindled to one or two

compared with three in 1973. Both the NSP and the JP appeared to have gained partly at the expense of the strongly Islamic National Salvation Pa-

The NSP was believed to ha-

on the election results, Mr. Demirel said today that no party had gained en overall majori-ty and suggested that a new coalition would again be ne-

But be declined to give any

"The question of stability in Turkey still remains unsolved,"

Rightist, Israeli guns hell Nabatiyeh, start ire, damage plantation

DON, Lebanon, June 6 (R). ghtist gunners and Israeli tteries shelled villages in the batiyeh area of southern Lenon overnight until early toy, local residents said. The shelling began about miight and caused severe dalarge to plantations in the arstarting several fires which

ized until this morning, they

Guerrillas blow main rail in Rhodesia

ack nationalist guerrillas to-y blew up Rhodesia's main il line only two days after ecking the pylons which rry electric power lines to lisbury.

A spokesman for Rhodesian llways said the line was out action for seven hours while ick was repaired. There was damage to trains or passen-TS, a communique stated.

The line through the central iodesian mining district cars chrome, tobacco, copper. aize, cotton and meat expor-d through South Africa in fiance of United Nations trasanctions imposed on the bel British colony sfter it egally declared itself indepe-

lent in 1965. The line also brings in conmer goods for the beleagud white Rhodesians.

Military headquarters said plosives were detonated on e line between the small was of Que Que and Gatooma the main track between the pital of Salisbury and Bulaeyo, the country's second

grest city. The explosion on the singleack line occurred about 150 ns. southwest of Salisbury. isst reports said the guerril-A fighting for black majority tle in white-run Rhodesia, had iled to blow up a railway

ridge where a train was cros-On Saturday, guerrillas seveof power lines from the Kari-

a to Salisbury with explosi-es, blacking out parts of the apital for several hours. Rhoesian troops today were still

- lieved hunting the saboteurs.

Israeli helicopters were bovering over the southern region Lebanon, the residents said. The Palestinian news agency Wafa reported last night that the market town of Nabativeh had also been shelled by the rightists and Israelis.

Lebanon's civil war has raged on in the south after coming to an end last November the rest of the country. which has been policed by an Arab League force mainly com-

The main road between Sidon and Tyre was cut today be-cause of fresh clashes between rival Palestinian factions.

Rockets and machine-guns were used in the fighting between pro-Syria Saiqa commandos and members of the Rejection Front which opposes a negotiated settlement in the Mi-At least five men were killed

and 10 wounded in the past 2 hours.

Local residents later said the clashes stopped at midday, havlasted about two hours. The Sidon-Tyre road was re-

opened for traffic, they edded. In Baghdad, the Iraqi News Agency said today that Lebase Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) leader Walid Junblatt said today his talks with Iraqi government and ruling Baath Party leaders were successful and positive.

The agency said Mr. Junblatt was addressing reporters before leaving Iraq after a week's visit as part of an Arab tour which began with a trip to Syria.

During his stay here, the socielist leader had discussions with President Ahmed Hassan Al Bakr and Baath Party Secretary General Michel Aflaq,

among others. Mr. Junblatt said the talks covered relations between the two parties and the Lebanese

situation. He praised Iraq's stand "concerning. Lebanon. Its unity and Arab Identity and the Palestine commando movement."

In Doha, the Emlr of Oatar Sheikh Khalifa Bin Hamad Al Thanl conferred here today with former Lebanese Premier Takieddln Al Solh end official sources said they had discussed letest developments in Lebanon. Mr. Solh was also received today by Oatar's Crown Prince Sheikh Hamad Bin Khallfa Al Thank the officials said.

seats in the 1973 election.

parliamentarians each. The only other party to gain strength was the ultra-right Nationalist Movement Party, which won about a dozen seats,

rty (NSP), second-biggest par-tner in the coalition, after the

ve dropped to less than 30 seats, from the 48 it beld in the outgoing parliament.

In his first public comment

Speaking to reporters at his party's headquarters here, Mr. Demirel said: "A period of new coalition is awaiting the coun-

unique today that the Soviet Union had been behind yesterday's coup d'etat in the Indian Ocean island group. Former Prime Minister Albert Rene, who replaced James Mancham as president in the coup, "categorically denies statements made in London by Mr. Mancham that the Soviet Uni-on was behind the coup d'etat which overthrew hlm."

The communique, issued in the Seychelles capital of Victoria, sald that 24 hours after the coup the situation throughout the archipelago 1,000 miles off the Kenyan coast was calm. It said those responsible for the coup wished to remain anonymous for the time being and had asked Mr. Rene to form

VICTORIA, Seychelles, June 6 (R). — The new president of

the Seychelles denied in a comm-

a new government. The communique added that sters of the former government remain in force until a new administration was formed.

It was signed "those respon-sible for the coup d'etat." A second communique issued by the same authority said that Mr. Philippe Moulinie, formerly Minister of Port and Maritime Services in Mr. Mancham's coalition government, had seen President Rene this

The communique said Mr. Moulinie told the people of the island republic in a broadcast they should accept the situation and cooperate with the

morning and offered his servi-

ago, does not seek a special relationship with either Washington or Moscow, President Sadat said last night. His statement came in ad-

CAIRO, June 6 (R). - Egypt,

which unilaterally scrapped a

15-year friendship treaty with

the Soviet Union 17 months

DANCE IN THE STREET -- Young supporters of Bulent Ecevit's Republican People's Party dance

in the street outside the Ankara main party headquarters at dawn Monday when incoming election results showed that the RPP was winning a majority in Turkey's general elections.

New Seychelles leaders deny

alleged Soviet intervention

He was quoted as saying: "I

The communique said Mini-

ster of the former government

who were abroad would be per-

mitted to return if they reco-gnised the new authorities and

took no action which might en-

danger the security of the

It added, however, this did not apply to Mr. Mancham, who

is in London for the Common-wealth heads of government

President Rene was to give

have confidence in Mr. Rene,

whose concern for the people of

the Seycbelles I have apprecia-

new government.

conference.

vance of a visit to Moscow by Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmi

Bhutto, opposition study "formula" to end crisis

ISLAMABAD, June 6 (AFP). -Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto and opposition leaders studied two "formulas" today aimed at ending Pakistan's three-month-old political crisis, at a second round of talks following an initial meeting on Friday, a joint communique

announced. Observers said the formulas apparently involved the organisation of new general elections, central issue in turmoil triggered by March 7 elections which the nine-party opposition Pak-istani National Alliance (PNA) charged were rigged.

The elections gave a sweeping victory to Mr. Bhutto's ruling Pakistani Peoples Party (PPP), which like the PNA was holding top level talks tonight on today's "formulas".

The official extent of the long crisis was indicated today by Attorney General Yahya Bakhtiar, who told the Supreme Court in Rawalpindi that 250 people had been killed during 4,653 demonstrations between March 14 and May 27.

The PNA stopped its agitation after last Friday's first meeting with Mr. Bhutto in return for major concessions including the release of top PNA leaders and an end to internal censorship of news.

Today's joint communique said the government told the opposition 2,000 people had been released following Friday's meeting, and the cases of 1,000 other imprisoned people were being studied.

Observers sald the new talks had brought further progress, and Friday's good atmosphere Mr. Solh. on a tour of the was maintained. Mr. Bhutto and Gulf stetes, arrived here today. his ministers lunched with the

three opposition negotiators at his residence.

Government and opposition intended to reach a settlement as quickly as possible, and would not let the negotiations hang fire, the communique said.

with the Soviet Union.

a radio broadcast during the day, the communique said.

(In London, Britain's comm-

ercial radio network (IRN) had

a telephone interview with Pre-

sident Rene and noted that the

Seychelles archipelago, would

be a fairly veluable strategic base for the Soviet Union.

(Mr. Rene said: "Yes, maybe it would. But it certainly will not get control of it. We still attach much importance to

(our) non-aligned position."
(Mr. Rene also said "we are

not communists" and suggested

Mr. Mancham made the charges of Soviet backing for the coup for his own ends.)

Sadat says in Ismailia

Egypt seeks no special relations

with either Washington, Moscow

"Egypt will not have any special relationship with either of the two superpowers, or for that matter even with a smaller country," Mr. Sadat told troops of Egypt's Second Army

"We deal with all (countries) on an equal basis. We stretch hands of friendship to all those who respect our will."

The issues of arms and debts were expected to figure prominently in Mr. Fahmi's two days of talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko starting on Thursday.

President Sadat yesterday began a tour of the Suez Canal area to mark the second anni-

aimed at patching up relations versary of the reopening of the waterway.

The canal, closed after the June 5, 1967 Arab-Israeli war, was reopened in 1975. He held a meeting yesterday with senior aides to discuss foreign and domestic policy.

Reporting the meeting, Cairo newspapers said President Sadat told his aides that during recent talks with President Carter it had been agreed that a Middle East peace settlement should be based on the solution of the Palestine problem, the creation of a Palestinian national homeland and Israeli withdrawal from occupied Arab

territories. The newspapers said President Sadat told the meeting, that he believed the Middle East crisis could be solved if Israel were serious in seeking

ultimatum to DMC din (the DMC head) wants mo-re clarifications or wants to Senator Richard Stone, who left Iarael yesterday after talks. make counter proposals, he sh-

TEL AVIV, June 6 (R). — Israeli President Ephraim Katzir has summoned Likud Party leader Menachem Begin to a meeting tomorrow to ask him to form a new government, the president's office announced

Under the law, Mr. Begin, whose Likud Party won more parliamentary seats than any other party in last month's general election, would then have 21 days to form a government and could request a further 21 days if necessary.

The announcement followed statements by political sources that Mr. Begin had issued a near ultimatum to the reformist Democratic Movement for Change (DMC) to make up its mind quickly about joining a coalition government.

The sources said the Likud Party leader, now assured of a parliamentary majority with or without the DMC since he has the support of the religious parties, wanted to form a new cabinet rapidly.

Attempts by the DMC to find areas of compromise with Likud, particularly on the cru-cial issue of the occupied Arab territories, have made little progress, the sources said.

Likud and DMC representatives are due to bold a new negotiating session tomorrow, but Likud is unlikely to change its position that the occupied West Bank is an integral part of Israel, the sources added.
Likud sources sald the party falt it had made all necessary

the occupied areas issue.

"We have made clear to DMC that we accept U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338. If Prof. (Yigael) YaThe newspaper Maariv said today Mr. Begin had sent U.S. President Carter a message assuring him of willingness to attend peace talks in Geneva, but reiterating opposition to withdrawal from the West Bank. According to Maariv, the me-ssage was sent through U.S.

listen to Israel

Begin issues near

ould do so at tomorrow's me-

eting," one Likud source ssid. One reason Mr. Begin might wish to hurry things up is that he is scheduled to make a pri-

vate trip abroad at the end of

Weizman: Carter must

BONN, June 5 (R). — Israel's defence minister-designate, Mr. Ezer Weizman, said in an in-terview released today it was time President Carter stopped talking only shout a bomeland for the Palestinians and considered the wishes of the Isra-

In an interview with the weekly Stern magazine, the hard-line former air force chief said the new Israeli government rejected President Carter's call for a Palestinlan homeland. "We cannot accept Carter's standpoinnt," be said.

Stressing that the occupied West Bank should become "a part of Israel," be sald: "Theclarifications to the DMC on re will be no withdrawal from the West Bank.

'It is different with the Si-nai and the Golan Heights. There we can speak of amending the border. Of course only about small amendments to the present borders -- not turn to those existing before

Asked whether Israel would create more settlements on the West Bank, he said: "We must have the right to settle every-where we want. Under one condition that we do not take land from the Arabs. But if we can buy land, or there is free land available, then Israelis should build settlements.'

Mr. Weizman said Israel expected strong pressure from the United States to soften its policy on the West Bank.

But he said change in the Israeli government came through democratic processes and 'the Americans will have to live with it." He added : "It is time that President Carter stopped just talking about a political homeland for the Palestinians and remembered the wishea of the Israeli people."

He said be was burt by the intensity of the U.S. reaction against the victory of his right-wing Likud Party in last month's election. "I think that was unfair and undemocratic. And I think the Americans are now

with Mr. Begin. Mr. Begin also repeated in the message his opposition to

the participation in Geneva ta-lks of the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

In a sepsrate development.

Israeli Defence Minister Shimon Peres said last night a
Middle East solution might be found in a political link-up between Israe, and the occupied West Bank, or between Israel, the West Bank and Jordan. Speaking st the Hebrew Uni-

versity in occupied Jerusalem. Mr. Peres did not rule out the possibility on Israel withdrawing from some of the territories captured from Jordan in the

1967 Middle East war. Mr. Peres has previously referred to the possibility of cresting an independent Palestinian state on the West Bank, and he did not indicste tonight what form a new West Bank political entity might

Bank general strike marks

MMMAN, June 6 (J.T.) The 10th anniversary of tha June 5, 1967 war was marked by a general strike in the oc-cupled West Bank and the Gaza Strip yesterday,
The occasion passed with

out violence, except for an in-cident in Nablus, the West Bank's largest town, when some 20 Arab youths tried to set fire to tyres in a main street. Israel border police rusbed to the scene and made severa

Sen. Stone visits Damascus, Cairo after consulting with Israelis

Syrian President Hafez Assad today conferred with U.S. Senator Richard Stone, Chairman of the Senate's Middle East Sub-committee who made a few hours' visit to Damascus. Official sources said the me-

DAMASCUS, June 6 (R). ---

eting discussed the Middle East situation and U.S. responaibilities towards a just peace in the region. Senator Stone, who bad arrived here earlier today from Israel, also conferred separat-

ely with Mr. Mobammed Ali Al Halabi, speaker of the People's Council (parliament), and Mr. Abdul Halim Khaddam, the Deputy Premier and Foreign Minister, who briefed him on Syria'a attitude to the Middle East crisis. Speaking to Israel Radio sh-

ortly before his departure for Damascus after s round of talks with Israeli leaders, Senator Stone said he was convinced a Likud led cabinet could be formed which could discuss Middle East peace efforts with President Jimmy Carter. 'I think the new governme

ent will give us the chance for the kind of negotiations for peace that President Carter seeks in the efforts he has made so far -- his willingoess and openness to whatever proposals the contending parties might make to you and you might make to them."

Israel Radio said he promised bis assistance to Mr. Begin in strengthening his relations with members of the Senate. Senator Stone told Israel Television: "I am very encouraged about the open-mindedness and the willingness to attempt to find peace in every reasonable way consistent with the safety of Israel."

Asked if he did not think the new Begin government would be more extreme in its policy than the outgoing one, Senator Stone remarked: "Why do the Israelis always try to hurt themselves ?".

"I think the new government will be the elected government of Israel and will be for Israel, just as the old government was the elected government and was for Israel. I think it is going to be all right.."

Consultations defuse political tension at ILO meet

By Rami G. Khouri

GENEVA, June 6 (J.T.) - Extensive consultations over the weekend appear to have defused the intense political tension that had been building up steadily here during the first week of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) ennual meeting.

Arab labour ministers and the PLO representative here held a meeting this morning with ILO Director General Francis Blanchard, at which a compromise was worked out, according to senior Arab sources. Mr. Blanchard is now expected to make a public statement to the ILO conference in which he will say that ILO efforts will continue to implement the 1974 resolution condemning Israel for violeting the rights of workers in occupied Arab areas.

In exchange, the Arab group of states will withdraw the resolution that had been submitted to the ILO conference Friday, and which called on the ILO and Director General Blanchard to pursue their efforts to implement the 1974 resolu-

The compromise still has to

be approved by other senior

ILO officials, including the president of this year's conference. It is also expected that the conciliatory Arab posture will meet with some reciprocal move by the United States. The U.S. lost a key procedu-

ral vote here on Friday even-

ing, and the widespread feeling

among delegates at the conference was that the rigid American stand at Friday's debate was pushing the U.S. into a corner, where it would have to carry out its threat to withdraw from ILO in November. The vote on Friday has probably killed for this year consideration of an American-hacked initiative to amend article 17 of the ILO rules. The

amendment would virtually bring to an end the ability of member states of the ILO to submit resolution of a "condemnatory" nature, such as the 1974 resolution against Israel. Now that this American ef-

fort seems likely to be beld over until next year, and the Arab states are pressing ahead with their compromise agreement with Director General Blanchard, the intense polltical tension is being defused bere and the ILO conference will probably get through its remaining two weeks discussing tech-

But as Friday's acrimonious and hested debate showed, political temperatures can rise at any moment, and thus it is not out of the question that the focal point of the confrontation here, the face-off between the United States and the Arab states, could erupt again in the general debate.

nical issues in committees, .

The PLO delegate, Mr. Abdul Muhsen Abu Maizer, addressed the conference this morning and delivered a tough condemnation of U.S. policy, Israeli practices in the occupied areas and the conduct of the ILO governing body and Director General Blanchard in implementing the 1974 anti-Israeli resolution. He said the ILO governing

body and Mr. Blanchard went "beyond their functions" in saying that their efforts to implement the 1974 resolution had come to a balt. He accused tha ILO and Mr. Blanchard of trying to delay implementation of and shelve the resolution, and said that this could only be done by the full ILO conference, which is the ultimate source of authority in all ILO mat-

Mr. Abu Maizer said this happened while the Israelis carry out "daily violations of ILO conventions." He called U.S. actions "provocative in nature," & said Am-

erican views and proposals at the ILO are "a dishonest and unjust attempt to prevent the will of the conference from exerting itself, and to allow the Israelis to pursue their attacks against our people." He also took a swipe et the

human rights campaign of the Carter administration, saying that the U.S. stand at the ILO conference shows the 'lack of seriousness" of the Americans on the issue of human rights, and that the American human rights campaign "stops at the borders of Tel Aviv"

Other Arab speakers over the coming week are expected to pursue the same theme, though this may now be expected to be toned down in light of this morning's agreement that Mr. Blanchard would continue efforts to implement the resolution condemning

It also appears that the dramatic confrontations of last week will be avoided, and that when His Highness Crown Prince Hassan addresses the conference on Friday he will find himself in a businesslike and decorous forum.

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Mr. Weizman is confused

Mr. Ezer Weizman, who is tipped to be Israel's next defence minister, not only has a chip on his shoulder but seems to be suffering from some confu-

Mr. Weizman, one of Mr. Menachem Begin's top deputies told the West German weekly magazine Stern that it was about time President Carter stopped talking about a Palestinian homeland and started considering the wishes of the Israeli people.

He seems to have missed the fact that President Carter has been unwavering in his support for the "security of Israel and its right to exist," as he has said on more than one occasion. In fact, what have past and present U.S. administrations been doing since 1948 but taking into consideration the wishes of the Israelis? The only difference now is that Mr. Carter is trying to strike a more halanced pose. For once an American president is trying to take into consideration some of the long neglected wisbes of the Palestinians, who have been stripped of their rights and their land in order to keep the Israelis happy. The whole point is that the wishes of the Israelis are not the be-all and end-all of the matter, as Mr. Weizman seems to think. It is to Mr. Carter's credit that he thinks otherwise.

Another point on which Mr. Weizman seems to be confused is in the meaning and applicability of the term democracy. He appears to helieve that because the Likud bloc came out on top in the Israeli general elections and might be able to form a coalition government with a majority in the Knesset that it has a right to decide the fate of the West Bank.

The West Bank is not a domestic Israeli issue, Israel does not have sovereignty over the West Bank nor is the West Bank inhabited by Israelis. Whereas a democratically constituted government led by the Likud might represent the Israeli electorate, it cannot by any stretch of the imagination be said to represent the people of the West Bank, who never voted for the Likud or any other Israeli party.

Clearly the Israell electorate cannot give the Likud the right to dispose of someone else's territory -- that is not what democracy is all about. Mr. Weizman is implying that because his party bas a mandate from one group of people it has the right, sanctioned by democratic practice, to decide the fate of another. He is either confused himself or is trying to confuse

To say that "the change in the Israeli government came through democratic processes and the Americans will have to live with it," as Mr. Weizman does, is to beg the issue.

The Likud's claim to the West Bank has it roots in a particular interpretation of biblical tradition, not democracy. An expansionistic faith in the "promised land" must not be confused with a mandate from the only electorate that matters: the people of the West Bank. Mr. Weizman will have to live with that.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Jordanian editorials on Monday were concerned with the continuation of the Israell campaign against President Carter. However Al Akhbar was concerned with the role of the Arab oll producing countries in helping poor countries survi-

Al Dustour sald that the aggressive Israeli campaign aga-inst President Carter culminated when Wizeman, the second man in the Likud bloc and prospective defense minister, defined on Sunday what Carter should not talk about.

Wizeman asked Carter not to talk about a Palestinian bomeland. The paper adds that Wizeman stated that Israel re-fuses Washington's view on the ration bolds to the West Bank as a part of Israel.

The paper commented that in his statements Wizeman by-passed all known diplomatic channels used by nations to different points of convey Al Dustour adds that what Wizeman wanted to do was to embarrass Carter.

According to the paper, it is strange for Wizeman to act as such when Begin's envoy is currently in Washington asking the Americans to give the Likud leader's policy a chance to be known.

eli rightwing administration is utilising all its potentialities in challenging Carter after it lost hope of changing America's image of Begin. This challenge to Carter by-passed ac-

cepted diplomacy.

Al Akhbar's editorial hinted at the West's motives in suggesting the creation of a common fund to aid the Third Wo-

In order to get the poor co-untries to lose their say in de-termining the price of oil and other raw materials the West suggested the establishment of an aid fund with the capital of one billion dollars. The pa-per adds that naturally the poor countries refused this offer. Such a refusal caused a Western objection similar to the one caused when OPEC determined its own oil prices. The paper warns the Third World countries that as a result of the West's objection to OPEC in determining its oil prices, the West increased the price of its manufactured goods. And this has caused a high rate of inflation throughout the world.

The paper concludes that to stand in the face of Western manoeuvres the Third World countries must strengthen the lr relations and the Arab oil producing countries must carry out their share in helping poor countries survive econo-

GOT SOMETHING ON YOUR MIND?

LET THE JORDAN TIMES HEAR ABOUT

WRITE TO: P.O.BOX 6710

The Commonwealth goes to London

The 21st meeting of Commonwealth leaders since 1944 takes place in London from June

Nearly thirty presidents and prime ministers, including people like India's Moraril Desai, Canada's Pierre Trudeau and Zambia's President Kaunda, will be there.

It will be the first Commonwealth summit in London since 1969 and the chairman will be

Britain's Prime Minister James Callaghan.

The economic state of the rich and the poor, Rhodesia and Namibia, human rights, Cyprus, sporting links with South Africa, technical aid, plans to help young people cope with problems of unemployment -- all these subjects and many more will be discussed in London's handsome 19th century Lancaster House.

Since 1969 the Commonwealth has outgrown its old London meeting place - Mariborough House. The table there is too small to take 35 delegates and their officials. So the venue is now a building full of memories. In Lancaster House in the early sixties colonial leaders once came to thresh out their independence constitutions.

This article, the first of a special series of reports, tells of the very different Commonweaith that is about to meet in that building.

By Derek Ingram

LONDON (Gemini) - Eight years and four summit con-ferences later the Common-wealth comes back to London on June 8. A larger and very different Commonwealth is now gathering than that which met bere during the bitter January of 1969; 35 countries (against 27 in 1969), many new presidents and prime ministers, and a very different range of problems (save, mevitably Rhodesia) to ba chewed over.

Between London 1969 lie the summits of Singapore 1971, Ottawa 1973 and Kingston (Jamaica) 1975. The issues this year will include the progress, or otherwise, made since Kingston towards a new international economic order, the place of politics in sport, human rights, how to belp the young people in face of continued and worldwide unemployment, the situation in Cyprus -- and the future of Southern Africa.

More than most Commonwealth summits, the results and mood of this one are unpredictable. Even as the leaders gather some of the big issues are subject to day-to-day changes of emphasis.

For instance, the tone of the debate on a new international economic order -- certain to be the centrepiece of the conference -- will depend very much on assessments of the result of the north-south dialogua in Paris -- the Conference for International Economic Co-operation (CIEC). If the poor countries of the world are dissatisfied with the ricb countries' response they could, understandably, be in a disgruntled mood.

People like Prime Minister Michael Manley of Jamaica, host to the last Commonwealth summit could take the view that tittle has bappened in the last two years to indicate a real political will among the rich to move the world towards a new order. * NOTE: Nauru, the 36th,

does not attend summit meet-

The debate will centre on the final report of the Common-wealth experts' Group - the so-called Ten Wise Men - which was delivered to governments a few weeks ago and puts forward a radical programme for change that is not entirely acceptable to the rich countries.

Britain's performance at UN-CTAD, out of spirit with the summit meeting in Jamaica, is not forgotten, and eyes will be on James Callagban, chairing a Commonwealth meeting for the first time, for some softening of

the British position.

Nothing that has happened since 1975 bas made the lot of the poor countries any easier -- the rich-poor gap, as the Commonwealth experts point

out, is if anything wider. On the other hand, it may be said that the Commonwealth is meeting at a time when the new world of Jimmy Carter is unfolding. The radical shift in American policy, putting more

emphasis on Third World countries and recognising their growing unportance, is something most Commonwealth states will hope to see reflected in the attitudes of the Commonwealth's industrialised countries. Canada, in any case, is in tune with the Carter line; Bri-

tain could become so.

Britain may find itself em-barrassed if the discussion turns on South Africa. Com-monwealth Third World countries may be looking for back-ing in the United Nations for a mandatory arms embargo --so far opposed by the Western members of the Security Council -- and for some indication that Britain will begin to cut down on its investment in South Africa.

Cold shivers must have run down Whitehall's spine wben Washington began murmuring about the possibilities of the U.S. pruning its business links with South Africa. British investment in South Africa is huge; though some argue that the shaky Britisb economy does not depend on this investment, it remains true that cutting business with South Africa can do nothing to belp it. Yet the prospect may before long have

On Rhodesia and Namibia, the accent at Lancaster House will probably be on working out contingency plans for Commonwealth help to get the two countries on their economic feet during the transitional stage to majority rule and after independence. There will be a need for much technical assistance - something the Common-wealth is well placed to provi-

A bot item could be New Zealand's attitude to sporting contacts with South Africa and the threat that hangs over the future of the Commonwealth Games as a recult of it.

The problem mainly is the personal attitude of New Zea-land's maverick Prime Minister Robert Muldoon, who, while agreeing to dissuade New Zealand teams from playing with South African teams, refuse to that a piece of tissue paper could not be driven between New Zealand's policy and that of Britain and Canada.

But African countries have taken exception to several of Muldoon's remarks, and it is by no means certain that they will take part in the Commonwealth Games at Edmonton, Alberta in 1978.

Without African participation the games would probably be abandoned -- and that would be a severe blow to the Commonwealth as a whole.

It is hoped that this issue will not have to be discussed in the main session of the conference and that it can be resolved in meetings outside in the corridors. Much will depend on how much Muldoon wants to make

New Zealand has no friends on the issue. Australia's Malco-Im Fraser disagrees heartily with Muldoon that politics can be kept out of sport; Canada's Pierre Trudeau is angry that the New Zealand attitude could wreck the games his country is

On past form, Muldoon is not likely to be put off by the fact that all the rest will be against him, and what he may say is anyone's guess. Muldoon's debut at a Commonwealth conference may not be popular, but

it will probably be memorable. This year's summit has come to London because it is the silver jubilee year of Oueen Elizabeth, who is also head of the Commonwealth. Sir Harold Wilson, then Britain's Prime Minister, put the proposal to the Kingston summit.

Not everyone was persuaded that London should be the next venue; President Kaunda invited the conference to Lusaka, But be and the others gave way because of the jubilee.

About 27 or 28 leaders, presidents and prime ministers, are expected in London, with the other countries represented by deputies. Most of the missing figures will be African leaders. Kaunda will be here, but President Nyerere of Tanzania will

The reason for his absence is said to be that, having hinted that he intends to retire as president in the next few years, be wants to start involving his Vice-President, Aboud Jumbe, in intercational affairs. He also believes he should reduce his foreign travel and devote more time in 1977 to Tanzania itself He is said to bave an informal strangement with his close friend President Kaunda, that if one of them goes to an international conference the other stays at home.

Other absentees include: the leaders of Ghana and Nigeria, Acheampong and Obasanjo, (neither has left their country since they came to power coup, though Acheampong did once go over the border to Lome): President Kenyatta of Kenya (he never flies long distances for health reasons): Prime Minister Eric Williams of Trinidad (he does not like international conferences and has summit since 1969); and Amin of Uganda. Prime Minister Forbes Burnham of Guyana may be absent because of bad health.

An old figure returned will President Banda of Malawi. He has not been to a Commonwealth summit since the 1971 meeting in Singapore. Some major new leaders will

be at the meeting - notably Prime Minister Morarji Desai of India; President Ziaur Rahman of Bangladesh and Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser of Austra-

Commonwealth leaders are expecting several positive contributions from Fraser, who has been indicating greatly increased Australian interest in the Commonwealth, and Desai: too s likely to be much more forthright in his support of the Com-monwealth and to Indicate more active Indian participation in its affairs than was the case under Mrs. Gandhi.

ECONOSCOPE

Israel is a bad

"Look at what the Israelis have done over the past twenty five years," a pro-Israeli man said. "You mean, look at what American money has done in Palestine," the sore American taxpayer answered.

The scene occurred in Athens, Georgia in 1974, on the heels of the 1973 oil crisis, it was a time in which Americans began to discover what Israel was costing them.

It is widely publicised in the U.S. that most American aid received by Israel comes from in-dividual contributions. This is misleading, of course; since most contributions come from wealthy Zionist Jewisb Americans, Uncle Sam is denied fifty cents on every dollar transferred to Israel in this way.

The 1973 oil embargo proved that the United States was vulnerable, just like any other country. However, the economic vulnerability of the United States has its own built-in caues, apart from the oil embargo. Let me expla-

Although economic fluctuations in the United States and other major industrial countries emanate from internal causes, these fluctuations are led by major durable goods industries. The automobile industry, for instance, has a wide spectrum of borizontal and vertical relations with over fifty thousand smaller indust-

Should the automobile industry suffer a set-

back, this will have a corresponding chain-re-action across the board. The case is similar with the oil industry.

An oil embargo could jeopardise the oil and automobile industries both economically and psychologically, and the threat of a recession

may become a reality.

The United States can and must exercise pres sure on Israel to be more reasonable on the question of Middle East peace, regardless of who is ruling Israel. It is only American, after all, to try to protect American interests.

The hawks who won the Israeli general at ections and are now waving their fists at everybody, including President Carter, must be taught a lesson. American dignity is offended not only by jeers at the International Labour Organisation conference in Geneva, or by the capture of the "Pueblo" (by North Korea in 1968), it is also being offended by the bellicose and ir. rational remarks emanating from people assu-med to be friends and dependents of the United States.

The extremely violent reaction in the West to the Arab oil price bike in 1973 soon subsi-ded under the sobering impact of the facts. The same facts must also push America to subdue the belligerence of its adopted children in Is-

President Carter is fond of likening himself to President Truman. I hope that will not extend to bis relationship with Israel, in view of the extensive change in the situation since 1948.

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36 NATIONS AND 1,000 MILLION PEOPLE

Commonwealth members and their leaders

13 million Australia Bahamas 218,000 Bangladesh 71 million Barbados 254,000 675,000 Botswana Britain 56 million 23 million Canada Cyprus 660,000 559,000 -The Gambia 495,000 Ghana 9 million

110,000 830,000 604 million 2 million 12 million 1 million 5 million 12 million 300,000 881,000 New Zealand 3 million

1.2 million

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KUWAITI FUND LOANS JD 10m

illion Kuwaiti dinars (about 10 million) from the Kuwaiti for Arab Economic Fund for Arab Economic evelopment, it was annound here today. The announceent said the loan, repayable er 15 years with a grace peod of three years and at 3.5 ur cent interest, would be ed in financing an expansion phosphate production.

Ailitary team tours UAE

JBAI, June 6 (AFP). — Vice esident of the United Arab nirates and ruler of Dubai eikh Rashid Ibn Sa'id Al Maoum today received an 80m Jordanian military deleglon currently on a tour of e UAE.

The delegation reviewed miliry cooperation with the Uni-i Arab Emirates and later sited Sharjah and Ras Al naima, where it toured miliry camps. It arrived here yes-rday from Abu Dhabi. AMMAN (JNA). - Sharif Nas-

ser Ibn Jamil opened an exhibition of Islamic art held by the Jordan Crafts Council at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel Monday afternoon.

Sharif Nasser toured the exhibition, to finish Tuesday evening. It displays collections of Islamic art, decorations, old Quran manuscripts, carpets, textiles, clothing, arms, bousehold furniture, copper, metal and silver coins, jewellery and

The exhibit, the first of its kind in Jordan, highlights the importance of Islamic heritage.

Sharif Nasser told reporters he was very happy to open an exhibition which shows the

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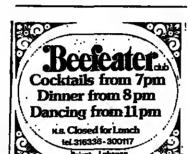
Sharif Nasser opens Islamic art exhibit

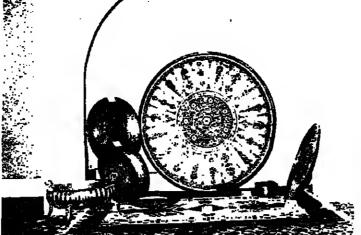
He said Islamic art, with its beautiful geometric and decorative designs, creates tranquility of mind. It also clearly indicates the quality of life, wbich the Islamic city enjoyed, be

Sharif Nasser urged the need for more care for Islamic heritage. Competent institutions, he said, should collect finds, especially as many foreign countries have heen showing increasing interest in the Islamic heritage and art.

"The greatness of Islamic heritage stems from the greatness, the prosperity and the comprehensive nature of Islamic civilisation, which embraced different lands and regions that yielded to Moslem rule throughout the ages," be added.

The opening ceremony was attended by Minister of Tourism and Antiquitles Ghaleb Barakat, the director general of tourism, the doyen of the diplomatic missions in Amman, a number of ambassadors, a host of artists and fans of Islamic culture.





Brass inlaid with copper and silver -- an example of what can be seen at the exhibition of Islamic art, which remains open until **Fuesday** evening.

Education minister states

Gulf committees to employ teachers here

AMMAN (JNA). — Minister of Education Dr. Abdul Salam Majali returned bere Sunday afternoon from a 10-day tour of six Gulf states.

Dr. Majali, leading a Jordanian education delegation, visited Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Oman and Saudi Ara-

He stated on his return that he had discussed the possible employment of Jordanian teachers in those countries and signed an agreement on cultural cooperation with the UAE.

It was agreed that selection committees from Gulf states would arrive here soon to employ Jordanian teachers. Any employment, Dr. Majali added, would be done with the approval of the ministry.

Discussions also centred on the provision of scholarships.

Kuwait, Qatar, the UAE and Saudi Arabia have agreed to offer scholarships to Jordanian

students, the minister stated.

Dr. Majali outlined Jordan's comprehensive education plan during bis visits. This met with the approval of Gulf ministers of education, who are planning to adopt similar plans, Dr. Ma-

SOVIET MILITARY **TEAM LEAVES**

AMMAN (R). - A Soviet military delegation left here for bome today after a week-long visit to Jordan. While bere, the delegation met the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces and inspected several military institutions and installa-

E. German delegation discusses project aid

ceived Monday by Minister of

Agriculture Salah Jum'a. Dis-

cussions centred on possible

participation in agricultural

expressed its readiness to par-ticipate in the study and imple-

mentation of a number of agr-

icultural projects and to ex-

change expertise and provide

training courses in East Germ-

any for Jordanian technicians.

started Sunday when Minister

of Industry and Commerce Dr.

Talks between the two sides

The East German delegation

projects.

AMMAN (JNA). — An East German economic delegation, here on an official visit, resumed talks with Jordanian officials Monday on promoting economic relations between the two countries.

The delegation, which arrived Saturday on a five-day visit, conferred with officials at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce and the National Planning Council.

In Monday's session, both sides reviewed possible East German participation in Jordan's five-year plan.

S. Koreans sign major water project contract

AMMAN (J.T.) — A contract up of the necessary chlorine was signed with a South Kor- water treatment system. ean company at the Jordan Valley Authority Monday for the implementation of the first stage of a project to supply the southern sector of the Jordan Valley with drinking water from three artesian wells in Wadi Jre'a.

The JD 730,000 first stage, to be completed within 20 months, will supply water to Karameh, Southern Shouneh, Ghor Nimrein, Kafrain, Jaufa, Rawda and Raha.

The project involves the installation of 50 kms, of water pipes, the construction of a 2,000 cubic metre reservoir and four smaller 200 cubic metre ones, in addition to the setting

Founded 1885

The South Korean firm, Cho Suk Construction Company, which is already extensively involved in Jordan Valley irrigation projects, will be in charge of construction, while a second firm, the Amman-based Sudqi Nayef Company, will de-al with the supply of materials.

The second stage, to be completed in 1981, will supply water to Suweimeh and the Dead Sea tourist centre.

The contract was signed for the Jordan Valley Authority by Vice President Dr. Munther Haddadin and for Cho Suk by Executive Vice President Sang

ministry's Under-Secretary, Dr. Hashem Dahhas, outlined Jordan's five-year plan.

The delegation expressed its willingness to provide Jordan with the necessary technical assistance and investments for

its development projects.
The delegation also met with a number of Jordanian husinessmen at the headquarters of the Union of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce Sunday af-

termoon. This is the first official visit hy an East German dele-

NEW CHIEF JUSTICE NAMED

AMMAN (JNA). - Sheikh Ibrahim Al Kattan was appointed Chief Justice by the Cabinet Sunday. He replaces the late Sheikh Abdallah Ghosheh, who passed away two weeks ago.

Sheikh Al Kattan began his career as a shari'a judge (qadi) in Karak in 1942. Later he was transferred to the Ministry of Education, where he became Minister of Education.

He spent three years with Crown Prince Hassan during his studies at Oxford to teach him Arabic and Islamic stu-

In 1965 he joined the diplomatic service and was appointed ambassador in Morocco, Kuwait, Pakistan, Malaysia and

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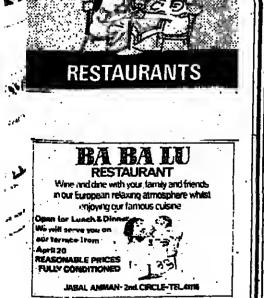
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Saudi Arabia will raise FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES its oil price 5% in July reports oil publication

NICOSIA, June 6 (AFP). — Saudi Arabia will raise its oil price five per cent next month as a result of the outcome of the north-south dialogue, ac-cording to the publication Middle East Economic Survey (ME-ES) bere today.

Last January 11 members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) raised their prices 10 per cent and planned a five per cent rise in July, whereas Saudi Arabia and the Emirates opted for a once-only five per cent rise

It further said that Saudi

Second fire hits Saudi Arabia's Abgaig Field

BEIRUT, June 6 (R). — Fire has broken out at one of Saudi Arabia's biggest oilfields for the second time in less than

But the Saudi press agency said Saturday's fire in the Abqaiq Field was soon extinguish ed and exports would not be

The causes of the fire, a ruptured pipe and intense beat were the same as those which triggered an inferno which raged in the same field for days last month. Officials said there would be more such fires be-cause of the age of the pipe-

The Saudi press agency ruled out sabotage in the fire, but official denials of guerrilla action being at the root of the May blaze have not prevented press speculation on the sub-

The Beirut daily Al Anwar, generally well-informed on Sa-udi affairs, said reports bad been submitted to Saudi officials saying that a certain country was behind the fire, but It did not name the country.

There was no word on aoy casualties in the fire. One man was killed in last month's.

The Abgaig Field has been functioning for more than 30 years and it is Saudi Arabia's secood biggest onshore oilfield producing around a teoth of the kingdom's overall oil output. The biggest customer is Japan.

Though the official sources U.A.E. dirham

Arabia would increase its rates five per cent in July, and that the other 11 would abandon their five per cent increase, In this way, OPEC would

get back to a unified pricing system after operating a "twotier" system for six months, the publication said.

Arabia would bring its daily output back to 8,500,000 bar-rels a day from 10 million barrels. It would as a result sign no more oew sales cootracts

said exports would not be aff-

ected it was not possible im-mediately to tell what effect the latest fire will have on output or oo business confidence in Saudi oil supplies.

LOCAL **EXCHANGE RATES**

Following are the official ex-change rates in effect at the start of today's business day, as set by the Central Bank of

The first column is bow much you would receive in Jordanian fils for selling a unit of the foreign currency, while the secood column denotes how much it would cost you to buy a unit of the foreign currency:

every 100) 37	7.4 37.6
Japanese yen 119	8 120.2
Lebanese pound 107	.6 108.1
	.0 93.3
Syrian pound 80	.8 81.0
Iraqi dinar 940	.0 945.0
Kuwaiti dinar 1,146	.0 1,150.0
Egyptian pound 460	
Libyan dinar 800	0.0 810.0
TIAT dishawa 94	

Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world curreccies against the dollar at the close of inter-bank trading on the London Foreign Exchange Market Friday. Tourist rates will differ from those quoted below.

one sterling = 1.7178 / 80 one dollar 2.3557 / 67 2.4645 / 60 2.4860 / 75

West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns

WALL STREET REPORT

Prices took a fairly sharp dive in moderate trading Monday on the New York stock exchange, where the industrial average lost more than nine points

Investors, who had showed some cautious optimism last week, apparently changed their minds today as old inflation and interest rate fears came back to haunt the stock market.

Losers led gainers by a moderate margin at the close (754 to 602). Blue chip and glamour issues were the main victims today as Kodak lost 1-3/8 to \$58, Dupont 2-3/4 to 116-3/4 and General Motora 7/8 to 66-1/8. Auto, chemical, steel, oil, computer and department store issues were geoerally lower, but paper, aluminium, gold mine and motioo picture stocks closed on a steady

Twentieth Ceotury Fox kept rising and gained 1-1/2 to 21-1/8 in active trading. This stock has riseo sharply in the past few sessions following the success met by the company's latest picture in the U.S. (Star Wars).

At the close, the industrial average shows at 903,07, a loss of 9.16 points: Transp at 235.73, a loss of 1.41; utilities at 111.93, a gain of 0.16. 18,930,000 shares changed hands, of which 3,340,000

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Stuttgart	arr,	12.05	Amsterdam	arr.	16.00
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Zurich	ап.	12.35	Chlcago	ап.	15,10

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FIRST RACE

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BEGINNERS

DISTANCE 1,400 METRES

The first : JAWWAL

Owner: Saif H. Majali

Time: 1.443 minute

The second: SIT EL KHAIL Owner: Rashid Odeh

The Third: NADIA

Owner: Tawfiq Ksous

WIN: 200 fils — 500 fils

TWIN: 400 fils — JD 15

SECOND RACE

FOR BEGINNER HORSES

DISTANCE 1,000 METRES

The first: MAHASIN

Owner: Sami Yaqoub

Time: 1.9 minute

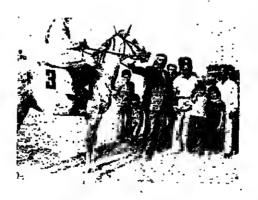
The second: TAJ EL AROUS Owner: Sherifeh Nofah Naser

The third: EL YAMAMEH

Owner: Faiek Kawar

WIN: 200 fils — 350 fils

TWIN: 400 fils — 700 fils



THIRD RACE

FOR BEGINNER HORSES

DISTANCE 1,400 METRES

The first: HAMAMIT EL WAFA

Owner: Faiek Kawar

Time: 1.36 minute

The second: EL HABBAB

Owner: Tawfiq Ksous

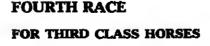
The third: KHAILAN

Owner: El Talia'a Stable

WIN: 200 fils - 350 fils

TWIN: 400 fils - JD 2.4





DISTANCE 1,000 METRES

The first: NAHLAWI

Owner: Samir E. Farkouh

Time: 1.8 minute

The second : SABHAN

Owner: El Talia'a Stable

The third: MOSTINK

Owner: Wassef Bisharat

WIN: 200 fils - 400 fils TWIN: 400 fils — JD 20



FIFTH RACE

FOR THIRD CLASS HORSES

DISTANCE 1,600 METRES

The first: JOHAR AMMAN

Owner: Sherifeh Nour Naser

Time: 1.50,1 minute

The second: WADI AMAL

Owner: Ali A. Soukout

The third: MARHAB

Owner: Saif Majali WIN: 200 fils — 400 fils

TWIN: 400 fils — JD 1.8

DOUBLE TOTE: 400 fils — JD 11

SIXTH RACE

FOR FIRST AND SECOND CLASS

HORSES

DISTANCE 1,600 METRES

The first : BAYADIR

Owner: Wassef Bisharat

Time: 1.48 minute

The second : SINAJ

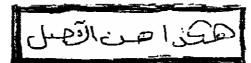
Owner: Saif Majali The third: SABIR AYYOUB

Owner: Tawfiq Ksous

WIN: 200 fils - 250 fils

TWIN: 400 fils — JD 1.1





FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1977

rom the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to focus upon the unconventional activities instead of relying too much on regular routines. Keep cheerful for best results. You have a good chance to impress others now

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) A private affair can easily be solved now. Don't try to borrow from others at this time or you could get in trouble.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Contact a person who appears unknowing but is actually very clever and can help you solve an importnt problem.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A different attitude and perspective where your career is concerned hrings excellent results today. Think constructively.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Take ateps to get out of that rut and make your life more interesting. Make plans for the days ahead.

LEO IJuly 22 to Aug. 21) Your hunches are fine so be sure to follow them and clear up any confused thinking you may have. Steer clear of "yes-yes" people.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Know better what is axpected of your associates, and they of you, and then come to a better understanding with them. Be diplomatic. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) State your finest ideas to associates and gain their cooperation to put them across.

Try to improve your environment. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A good time to plan for a new type of amusement that will he enjoyable. Be careful of one who is hypocritical.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Do something nice for family members and you gain increased affection. Take no chances with your reputation.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You can now engage in new avenues of expression that will be more suited to your talents Strive for hetter rapport with mate.

AQUARIUS IJan. 2I to Feh. 19) A day to engage in activities that you didn't have time for recently. Cultivate new acquaintances and turn them into friends.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) A sudden inspiration could show you the way to handle a problem you have. Avoid one who is a troublemaker.

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PRANUTS



SHE WANTS TO KNOW IF YOU'D BE INTERESTED IN ANOTHER MIXED-DOUBLES TOURNAMENT ON SUNDAY.





andy garp







udtt & jeff



THEY'RE PLANNING TO CONFISCATE MY SOUP!

RIGHT NOW



intstones







LAUGHS FROM EUROPE



ENGLANE Clayton "You're a hard man to see, Mr. Trimble."



PROVERB

Better to have .a little and be content than to have

excess and be unsatisfied.

Arrivals

7:25 Aga

8-25 Dubal.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

w UK Press

08:15 The World Today

talp
11:15 Time Off
11:39 Sports International
12:00 Radio Newsreel
12:15 The Pleasure's Yours
12:45 Sports Round-up

BEC RADIO

6:00 Qurian 6:05 Carsoons Channel 6: 7:30 News in Hebre 8:00 News to Arabic 7:45 Varieties 9:10 Rich man, poor ma 7:30 Arts and

t0:15 Gibbsville RADIO JORDAN 16:30 Easy listening 17:00 Mail bag 17:45 Pop session 8:00 Sien off

12:00 Pop sessi

EMERGENCIES

Doctors:

Ammen :

Taxis:

Faez Jajiouka 151 Samih Aql (37724)

Zarqa: Baraka: Shairaw: (83038)

18-00 News alme-16:05 Arabs in butter, 18:30 Sing it again 19:10 News reports 19:30 Sign off 19:00 News

Maghayrah

Zarqa : Andalos

Regional and Topmal Reports, VOA Current News Summary, 03.30, 04.30 and 05.36 GMT Pharmacies :

17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English News,

VOICE OF AMERICA Actualities, Opinion Analyses, Carence, Cultural, Leature reports and interviews, and 200 swers to interviews, and 200 swers and 200 swe

22:25 22:35 22:45

19:45 The Beat is Black 20:00 News; 24 hours 20:30 The Pleasure's Yo Ulster '77' 21:15 Tafkebout 21:30 Armchair Travels 22:00 News; The World day

day In Short

Arin

10:40 Relnut 8:30 Belrut 8:30 London 8:45 Belrut (MEA) 11:45 Kuwait (KAC) 9:00 Paru, Frankfus 11:45 Athens (GA) 12:00 Abu Dhabi 13:45 Riyadh (SDI) 13.45 Kirwait (KAC) 12:15 London (BA) 12:45 Kuwan (KAC) 18:15 Madrid, Athens 18:30 Brussels, Rom 14:45 Kuwatt (KAC) 19:45 Cairo 19:30 Beirut (MEA) 20:00 Ras Al Khaims 22:00 Jeddah 22:30 Abu Ohabi 24:00 Bahram, Bangkok 01:15 Dubai (AZ) 00:30 Oubal USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS dance (povero Fire headquarters Jordan Electric Power Co. 1870 21117, 37777 Cultural Centres 36147-8

AMMAN AIRPORT

03:15 Ras Al Khaime

41863

Departures:

05:40 Agaba

GORED BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

North-South vulnerable. South deals.

NORTH A 10643 76

QJ52 **♣** A 63 WEST EAST Q75 Void 🕈 K J 982 **7K8743** ♦9643 **• 1087**

+KQJ942 + Void SOUTH **♦** Void ♥ A Q J 10 95 2 ◇ A K **+** 10875

The bidding: South West North East . 1 ♥ 3 + Dble. Pass Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: King of 4.

Shut out of dummy hy a ruff at the first trick, declarer found an ingenious way of enlisting the aid of the enemy to help him bring home his four heart contract.

West's preempt at favorable vulnerability left North with a difficult hid to make. He elected to double on his general values. South knew from his own hand that North's double was based on general strength rather than a trump stack. However, even though the penalty his side would obtain rated to he significant, it was unlikely to compensate for the loss of honors and a vulnerable game, -so South hearts.

West led the king of clubs and, though dummy had more than enough in high cards to make South happy, he did not like the threecard club suit. His fears

were justified when East ruffed the ace of clubs and carefully returned the seven to trumps.

Since he couldn't reach dummy, it seemed likely that declarer would suffer a two-

trick defeat. But there was a ray of light. East was marked with long trumps. If West could be kept from getting the lead, there was still a chance.

In case West had the king of trumps, declarer rose with the ace. He cashed the aceking of diamonds and then reverted to the queen of trumps. East saw the immi-

nent endplay, and in an effort to circumvent it he won the king of hearts and exited with the eight. But declarer

was right there with the killing counterstroke. He won the nine of trumps and threw East in by leading the

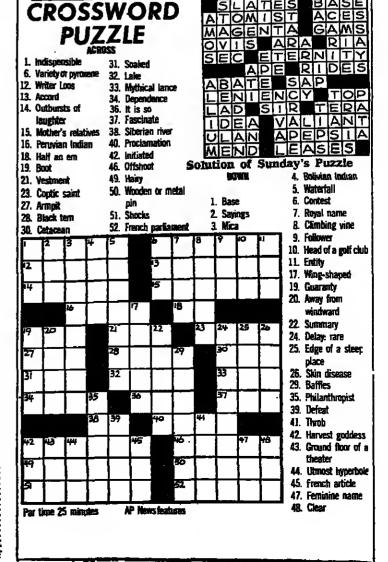
two of trumps to East's four! East scored a trump trick to which he was not entitled,

but he did not enjoy being on lead. He was down to nothing but spades and a diamond, and whichever suit

chose to gamble on four he returned would put declarer in dummy. The ace of spades and two high diamonds were just enough to take care of declarer's three losing clubs, and the contract was home. Declarer lost only three trump tricks!

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unscrambla thase four Jurnbles, ona latter to each square, to form four ordinary words. WONIG **PYJUM** MARPHE WHAT IT MIGHT BE FOR THE PITCHER TURNED CROOK. **FORTYS** Now arrange the circled tetters to form the surpnse answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: Jumbles: SKULL MACAW AROUND FAMOUS Sunday's Answer: What the smart-aleck madical student said

when asked what the "blood count" was-



2 released hostages tell of drama aboard captive Dutch train

ncies) — Two pregnant wo-meo, the first passengers re-a result government officials leased from a train hijacked more than two waeks ago by South Moluccan gunmen, today said the 53 remaining hostages were under great psychological pressure.

Mrs. Nelleke Ellenhroek-Prinsen, 23, and Mrs. Annie Brouwer-Korf, 31, issued a hrief statement to the press before leaving hospital in Groningen, near here, where they spent last night.

Giving the first inside account of life in the cramped train, they said the guerrillas had treated their prisoners "corre-ctly" since they seized the Inter-City Express on May 23, and that the hostages, held at gunpoint by 10 guerrillas, were psychological under great

Their statement, read to reporters by Mrs. Brouwer-Korf, said the greatest problems the hostages faced were physical inactivity and horedom.

Lack of exercise had given

have altered the menus of meals sent to the train to give the hostages more roughage in their diet.

To combat horedom, the government has sent on board supplies of games, puzzles, books, knitting and sewing materials to help the hoatages pass the time.

Of the 35 men among the captives, some had already taken up knitting or sewing, and extra quantities of wool and knitting needles had been sent to the train to meet the higherthan-expected demand, government officials here said.

The two pregnant women were later driven off to undisclosed destinations. A Justice Ministry spokesman said that "in the interests of the remaining hostages and their families" they would give no press interviews until the sleges were

More gunmen were still holding

Libya, Egypt will meet to discuss relations

the propaganda campaign against Egypt following the announcement that the two countries are to meet to discuss their strained relations.

In a report from the Libyan capital of Tripoli the Iraqi News Agency sald the campaign was called off from midnight on Saturday. The anno-uncement of the talks was made Saturday in Cairo.

Prime Minister Mamdouh Salem and Mr. Abdul Ati Al Aheldi, First Secretary of the Lib-yan Jamahariyah's General Peoples Committee, will meet in the Egyptian capital short-

The announcement of the talks was made by Mr. Bashir Al Rabti, President of the Fe-deral Assembly of Arah Repu-

The Egyptian Middle East News Agency quoted hlm as saying after meeting President Anwar Sadat Saturday in Al-

apparently still trying to decide

who should lead them into the

next general elections in March

This weekend, marked by

numerous political declarations,

has done nothing to clarify ma-

tters. Prime Minister Raymond

Barre still seems to be in direct

competition with his predeces-

sor Jacques Chirac, President

of the Gaullist Party, the Rally

three days ago in the south-

ern city of Nice, he is in no

doubt that he is the natural

leader of the majority. But Mr. Chirac disagrees. He believes

that whether or not he is offi-

cially named as majority leader

what counts is his position as

head of the RPR, the largest party in the National Assembly,

which makes him the "master".

He is well aware that his

party is the best organised and the best geographically-backed

and that his 173 National As-

sembly members form a major

nature of things, draws the

other majority coalition ailies

'shock hattalion' which, in the

As Mr. Barre made clear

For the Republic (RPR).

BEIRUT, June 6 (R). — The Libyan authorities have halted was "an important step towards patching up long overdue differences between the two countries which affected the march towards liberation (of occupied Arah territories). Mr. Al Rahti, a Libyan, is due to fly to Tripoli shortly to fix a date for the proposed

meeting. Observers in Cairo said the fact that the two countries had agreed to meet was a success, in view of their steadily deteriorating relations in the past two

vears. Attempts at reconciliation by several Arab leaders, including Mr. Al Rabti, have failed in the past, but new bopes of a thew in relations followed what some observers described as a relatively moderate speech a few days ago by Col. Qadhafi.

He told a mass rally in Tri-poli that this country could forget its differences with Egypt to get pan-Arab unity against Israel

War is on between Barre, Chirac

tionship between the parties has changed from cold war to

co-existence and is now not far

from mutual understanding if

The Republican Party's new

Secretary General Jean-Pierre

Soisson has adopted this atti-

tude of rapprochement. This

weekend the former secretary

of state for youth and sports

called on his supporters to work towards providing "gro-und of understanding" with the

Observers equally noticed that former Justice Minister

Jean Lecanuet, who heads the

Centrist Party, dlned with Mr.

Chirac on Friday. The two men

have maintained different po-

other majority parties.

government.

not cooperation.

re than 100 children were freed a week ago. They too are in their 15th day as hostages of the Moluccans.

"This could still go on for days and days," a Justice Mini-atry spokesman said last night. arry spokesman said last night.
The impression is growing bere that the gummen's only aim maybe to keep the sieges going for as long as possible.
According to an official Dutch spokesman, the Moluccans bave dropped, in their negotiations with the two mediators who went aboard the train at the weekend, all their original demands -- the release of 21 fellow countrymen imprisoned for political violence and safe passage to an as yet undisc-

osed destination. Yesterday'a release of the two women came "out of the blue" according to officials, and no concessions were made

in return. The government had pleaded in vain for two weeks for the release of 23-year-old Mrs. Nelleke Ellenbroek-Prinsen, who is five months pregnant. But the pregnancy of Mrs. A.H. Brouwer-Korf, 31, came as a surprise. Spokesmen said sha may only have learned of her condition during her captivity.

There was a joyful reunion for both women with their bushands at the end of their journey to hospital, but they also had to face questioning from police about conditions on the



FREE -- Mrs. Annie Brouwer-Korf and her hushand (right) and Mrs. Nelleka Ellenbroek-Prinsen are all smiles as they face newsmen at Groningen's Hospital Monday morning. The two pregnant women were released by South Moluccan gunmen Sunday afternoon after three weeks' captivity in a hijacked train in the north of Holland. (AP wire photo).

MEA's hijacker questioned in Kuwait

KUWAIT, June 6 (R). — Security officials today questioned a 27-year-old Lebanese cripple, who hijacked a Middle East Airlines (MEA) Boeing 707 and demanded a 1.5 million Kuwaiti dlnar (£3 million) ransom hefore being overpowered by commandos aboard the plane

The 105 passengers and 10 crew were freed uninjured.

The hijacker, who boarded the plane in Beirut in a wheelchair, shot at the commandos when they attacked at dawn today but was seized before anybody was hurt.

About one bour after flying from Beirut towards Baghdad

the hijacker produced a pistol and a hand grenade in mid-The passeogers were mainly

Arabs but several British and American husinessmen and three infants were on board.

The hijacker, identified as Mr. Nasser Mohammad Ali Abu Khaled, later claimed that his motive for seizing the plane was to get medical treat-Airport sources said ha for-

ced the pilot to land in Kuwait last night despite attempts by authorities bere to make the plane fly on hy closing the air-



surround Mr. Abu Khaled, the crippled Lebanese who hijacked an MEA Boeing to Kuwait Suoday, (AP wirephoto)

Security stepped up for Queen Elizabeth's silver jubilee procession in London today

LONDON, June 6 (R). -Security men crawled through the labyrinth of drains below London's streets tonight carrying out checks right up to the last minute before Queen Eli-zabeth rides by in her ailver jubilee procession tomorrow.

Along the route of the pro-cession, despite light showers of rain and a chilly hreeze, bundreds of people were al-ready camped with blankets, sandwiches and flasks to be sure of good viewing positions.

They included teen-agers and several hardy middle-aged women sitting solemnly beneath

umbrellas on the pavements, drinking tea from cartons. In a gold state Noach, ac-

companied by armoured caval-ry and scarlet-coated guardsmen, the 51-year-old monarch will ride just over 3.5 kms. tomorrow from Buckingham Palace to St. Paul's Cathedral for a thanksgiving service mark-ing her 25 years of reign. Britons are forgetting their economic troubles of the past

few years for a week of festivities beginning today with thousands of street parties, vil-lage fetes, mediaeval joustings

and ox-roastings.

Late tonight the Queen will light a bonfire in the parklands around Windsor Castle, on London's western outskirts. tchers from surrounding hilltops will set other heacons hlazing as soon as they see the flames rise from the first bon-

Within minutes 102 bonfires

will be burning in a network stretching across Britain from the Channel Islands to the remote northern Orkney Islands.

The Queen also planned to light a torch to be flown to Australia to touch off a chain of 3,000 bonfires there. Tourist authorities say ahout

five million visitors, half of them foreign tourists, are in London for the celebrations. The city is covered in flags and streams of patriotic red, white and blue decorations.

In the same way as the co-untry was alerted against the ched anti-jubilee campaigns, Spanish Armada in 1588, wa-with posters and hadges criti-

cising the monarchy as out-dated, but the Queen is generally felt to be soundly popular, and thousands of well-wishing letters have poured into the pa-

elections were rigged The Socialist leader, who said the people's choice had been faisified by "incredible proportions", said a decision on whether to withdraw Socialist members from parliament wo-RABAT, June 6 (R). — Moro-ccan Socialist Party leader Abderrahim Bouabid said today he was resigning as minister of state without portfolio, cha-rging that last Friday's gene-ral elections were rigged in fauld be taken at a party meet. your of pro-government candi-

He said that "indecent man-lpulations and falsifications" in the elections meant that Morocco's experiment in de-mocracy had "sunk into the the Socialists who won 16.
Along with the leaders of three other parties, M. Bouahid was appointed minister of state by King Hassan last March. most gross manoeuvres."

M. Bouabid said hundreds of Socialist Party supporters were arrested, assaulted or threatened by the authorities during the election campaign, and some were still under arrest.

ment" system because there are

no prisons on the island fol-lowing the president'a decision

earlier this year to abolish

them as part of an administra-

Some of the detainees were interviewed on Comoro Radio

last night. They said the coup

attempt had been prepared se-

veral months in advance, and

revealed that one of them had agreed to kill the president for

tive overhaul.

money.

Coup d'etat fails in Comoro Island

Moroccan minister says

ANTANANARIVO, Madagascar, June 6 (R). — A "very rich man" was the brains behind an unsuccessful attempt to overthrow Comoros Island President Ali Soillh by young dissidents yesterday, Comoro Radio reported last night.

M. Bouabid was defeated by

one of the pro-government ca-ndidates, who won 81 seats in

parliament at the expense of

The role of the four party le-

aders was to aupervise the co-

The radio, monitored here, did not name the man but quoted one of those detailed connection with the incident as saying one of them had agreed to kill President Soilih for one million Central African francs (about £2,300).

The dissidents yesterday occupied an airport on Anjouan Island, part of the Comoros Archipelago in the Indian Ocean off the east coast of Afri-

The radio reported that the demonstrators took over the airport " to protest against the regime which they accused of failing to respect human

It said 36 people, including several women, had been arrested so far, adding that inquiries were still going on. Suspects were heing detained under a novel "free imprison-

A spokesman for the Central Revolutionary Committee governing the country said on the radio that the Anjouan local branch had warned military officials on the island of a subversive movement but they had not passed on the warning because some of them sympathis-

ed with the dissidents.

According to the radio there appears to be a tribal basis to

Anlouan is considered to be grossly overpopulated. In recent years many of its citizens emigrated to Madagascar, hut following bloody clashes with local inhabitants there last December about 15,000 were re-

British dilemma solved by Amin's decision not to go to London

NAIROBI. June 6 (R). — Ug-andan President Idi Amin has apparently resolved a dilemma for Britain by backing out on his insistence that he would attend he Commonwealth summit conference opening in Lon-

The British government had heen under considerable pressure at home to bar President Amin because off his alleged involvement in reported atrocities in his country.

Prime Minister James Callaghan wrote to him last month suggesting that he should stay away and leave Uganda to be represented by a lower-level

President Amin, who earlier had said he would go to London "whether they (the British) like it or not," was quoted by Uganda Radio yesterday as sa-ying Britain had decided not to allow Uganda to attend.

But he said Uganda would he represented at the next conference in two years time.

President Amin has not heen to a Commonwealth conference since he came to power six

He said Britain's decision not ster Callaghan saying It would to allow Uganda to participate in the summit had already created differences among member states, and thera were indications that many of them would not be represented at a

The radio quoted a message from Nigerian bead of state Lt.-Gen. Olesgun Obasanjo which it said, expressed concern at a letter from British Prime Mini-

"In our view, the right of a Commonwealth state to attend the message was quoted as sa-

President Amin said that the decision reflected Britain's hatred for revolutionary leaders.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

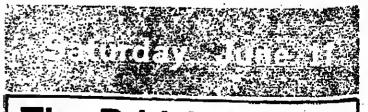
* MOSCOW, June 6 (AFP). - French Foreign Minister Louis de Guiringaud beld "friendly and open" talks today with his Soviet counterpart Andrei Gromyko, French sources said. The sources said the talks dealt mainly with preparation of texts to lay the groundwork for the visit to Paris by Soviet party leader Leonid Brezhnev, scheduled for June 20-22. A scheduled meeting of Mr. de Guiringaud and Mr. Brezhnev, the sources added, has been postponed from this afternoon until tomorrow morning.

* KHARTOUM, June 6 (AFP). - The Soviet Union has ended military training courses for Sudanese army officers in apparent reta-liation for Sudan's expulsion last month of 90 Soviet military experts and a demand that the Soviet Union reduce its Khartoum embassy staff, the daily Al Sahafa reported yesterday. The officers who have now returned to Sudan wera receiving training in flight and air defence methods and in other military fields in the Soviet Union under a joint armament agreement, Al Sahafa said.

* BELGRADE, June 6 (AFP). — President Josip Broz Tito plans successive visits in August to the Soviet Union, North Korea and China It was disclosed today. Italian Foreign Minister Arnaldo Forlani, who met the Yugoslavian head of state today, bared the travel plans at a reception at the Italian Embassy. Mr. Forlani met Mr. Tito for one hour and 20 minutes, a half-hour longer

* KINSHASA, June 6 (R). — President Mobutu Sese Seko yesterday announced a reorganisation of Zaire's armed forces to counter any future attack on the Shaba province, the official AZAP news agency reported. President Mohutu said in the town of Mbandaka that his troops had suffered "a moral defeat during the first days" of the March invasion of the province in the south east of the country by what he called "mercenariea from Angola", the agency reported.

* PARIS, June 6 (R). — A self-styled revolutionary group has threatened to execute on Saturday a senior Flat car company executive, kidnapped here in April, unless the Italian firm meets its demands, a Paris newspaper reported today. The daily Le Monde and it had received the threat from the "Committee for Revolutional Confession of the Committee for Revolutional Confession of the Conf tionary Socialist Unity" (CUSR) saying that the head of Fiat in France, Signor Luchino Revelli-Beaumont, would be executed after midnight on Friday.



The British Council will be closed on Tuesday, June 7 and Saturday, June 11

for leadership of French majority PARIS, June 6 (AFP). — Despite certain moves to close along in its wake. Moreover, even the presiselves in an essential area -- the economy basically -- Mr. ranks, parties backing France's dent's Republican Party is dra-Barre is determined to fight inwing closer to the RPR. Since ruling coalition and President flation while Mr. Chirac wants Valery Giscard d'Estaing are former Interior Minister Michel major job-creation campaign. Poniatowski left the head of the Republican Party the rela-

Some observers are asking

whether the points of agree-

ment between the prime minis-

ter and his predecessor are not

more important than their dif-

ferences for the parties in power; nr even if the split bet-

ween the leaders could not be-

But the majority appears to

come an electoral trump card.

need more than one trump to win next March. If one can

helieve the latest opinion poll,

carried in yesterday's Journal du Dimanche, 70 per cent of

the French believe the union

WASHINGTON, June 6 (AFP). — America'a black Amhassador to the United Nations Andrew Young wants Ugandan President-for-Life ldi Amin Dada to "disappear from the face of the

earth," Playboy magazine reported yesterday.

In an interview with Playboy, Mr. Young noted that Field Marshal Amin was building a 14-storey building next to the U.S. mission to the U.N. in New York. The American huilding has

"My faith is that all men can be saved," Mr. Young declared, "But I didn't want Hitler to he saved and I don't want Idi Amin to be saved."

Andrew Young wants ldi Amin

to disappear from earth's face

only 12 floors.
"I can just see him now coming over here and, you know, pissing on the American Embassy," Mr. Young told the month-

of the left is going to win. Brezhnev: New constitution protects citizens rights

litical positions for a long time, even while serving in the same MOSCOW, June 6 (R). — Soviet Communist Party chief Leonid Brezhnev pledged in a Despite these moves, the main thing that will count in the end is the gap hetween Prime Minister Barre and Mr. Chirac. Their differences are not only based on rivalry for the majority leadership but go much deeper and reveal them-

The Kremlin chief's promise came in a lengthy address delivered to the Communist Par-

> The speech, which dealt with the new Soviet draft constitution, was unusually frank ab-out the late 1930s, when under Stalin's rule millions of Soviet citizens were sent to labour camps or executed without tri-

some years after the adoption of the current constitution were darkened by illegal repressions, violations of the principles of socialist democracy. Le-

ninist norms of party and state life," he said.
"This was done in contro-

orovisions. The party has resolutely condemned this practice and it should never be repeated," he said. The party chief was contras-

ed - with the new draft, drawn up under the guidance of Mr. Brezhnev and published last

"In the seventies, Bulgaria, the GDR (East Germany), Cuba and some other socialist countries adopted new constitu-tions. They contain a number of provisions of interest to us and

they have not been left out of

attention," Mr. Brezhnev said.

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The Kremlin chief said that the new draft retained the basic rights -- such as free-dom of speech -- guaranteed under the 1936 constitution, and also added other rights such as the choice of profession, the right to housing and

for in the new constitution -the fourth in the history of the Soviet Union -- appeared to be more rigidly qualified than in the 1936 charter.

citizens cannot and must not be used against our social system and to damage the interests of the Soviet people."

other citizens," he said.

"It is necessary for every Soviet citizen to understand clearly that the main guarentee of his rights in the final analysis is the might and prosperity of our homeland," he said.

The draft says that in exercising their rights, Soviet citizens should not "cause harm to the interests of society and the state," and were obliged to

Under the criminal code, any

Mr. Brezhnev also drew at-

tention to the importance atta-ched to the Communist Party

"One should note in the

'The new draft constitution also points out that developed socialist society has been cre-ated in the USSR and that the supreme goal of the Soviet state is bullding communism," be

As Communist chief, Mr. Brezhnev's position is clearly strengthened by any upgrading of the party's role in Soviet society -- fuelling speculation still further that he is prepar-

Another indicator that Mr. Brezhnev would soon assume the dual president-party chief close links between the party

scope of its directing influence on the entire domestic life and its foreign policy has grown,"



but not when they "cause harm to state interests"

speech published here yesterday that there would he no return to the "lllegal repres-sions" practised under dicta-tor Joseph Stalin.

Central Committee on May 24, the full text of which bas not been disclosed until yes-

"We know comrades, that

vention of the constitutional

ting the current constitution --introduced in 1936 just as Sta-lin's purges were being launch-In his speech, Mr. Brezhnev

referred to the experience of other Communist countries who have combined the party chief's post with bead of state. secondary education. But the civil rights provided

Mr. Brezhnev stressed that "the rights and freedoms of

"That is why the draft says directly for example that the exercise of the rights and freedoms by citizens should not damage the interests of society and state and the rights of

observe Soviet laws. activity classified by the authorities as anti-Soviet is illegal. Soviet authorities say that ac-

tion taken against political dis-

sidents is because they are breaking law, and not because they are expressing their opi-

in the new constitution. first place that it (the draft) gives a comprehensive description of the leading and guid-ing role of the Communist Party and clearly reflects the real place of our party in the Soviet society and state,"

ing to step into the presidentiai shoes.

and foreign policy-making. The party's role "has become even more responsible and the